Cheat Sheet for comprehensive CompTIA Project+

Project Management Fundamentals

- Project Definition:
- **Purpose**: Deliver specific outcomes within constraints (scope, time, cost, quality).
- **Characteristics**: Temporary, unique, progressive elaboration.
- Project Life Cycle:
- **Initiation**: Define project goals, scope, stakeholders.
- **Planning**: Develop detailed plans (scope, schedule, budget).
- **Execution**: Implement plans, manage resources, monitor progress.
- **Monitoring & Controlling**: Track performance, make adjustments.
- **Closure**: Finalize deliverables, document lessons learned.

Project Stakeholders

- Identification:
- **Primary**: Sponsor, project manager, team members, customers.
- **Secondary**: Suppliers, regulatory bodies, community.
- Engagement:
- **Communication Plan**: Define methods, frequency, content.
- **Stakeholder Analysis**: Assess influence, interest, impact.

Project Scope Management

- Scope Definition:
- **Project Scope Statement**: Detailed description of deliverables.
- Work Breakdown Structure (WBS): Hierarchical breakdown of work.
- Scope Control:
- **Change Management**: Formal process for scope changes.
- **Scope Verification**: Ensure deliverables meet requirements.

Project Time Management

- Scheduling:
- **Activity List**: Detailed tasks required to complete the project.
- **Network Diagram**: Visual representation of task dependencies.
- **Critical Path Method (CPM)**: Longest path determining project duration.
- Time Estimation:
- **PERT**: (Optimistic + 4*Most Likely + Pessimistic) / 6
- **Gantt Chart**: Visual timeline of tasks and milestones.

Project Cost Management

- Budgeting:
- **Cost Estimation**: Bottom-up, top-down, parametric.
- **Cost Baseline**: Authorized budget for the project.
- Cost Control:
- Earned Value Management (EVM):
- **EV (Earned Value)**: Budgeted cost of work performed.
- **PV (Planned Value)**: Budgeted cost of work scheduled.
- **AC (Actual Cost)**: Actual cost of work performed.
- CV (Cost Variance): EV AC
- **SV (Schedule Variance)**: EV PV
- CPI (Cost Performance Index): EV / AC
- **SPI (Schedule Performance Index)**: EV / PV

Project Quality Management

- Quality Planning:
- **Quality Standards**: Industry standards, customer requirements.
- **Quality Metrics**: Specific criteria for measuring quality.
- Quality Assurance:

- **Process Reviews**: Ensure processes meet quality standards.
- **Quality Audits**: Independent assessment of project processes.
- Quality Control:
- **Inspections**: Check deliverables against quality standards.
- **Testing**: Ensure functionality meets requirements.

Project Risk Management

- Risk Identification:
- **Risk Register**: Document potential risks, impact, probability.
- **SWOT Analysis**: Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats.
- Risk Analysis:
- **Qualitative**: Assess impact and probability.
- **Quantitative**: Numerical analysis (Monte Carlo simulation).
- Risk Response Planning:
- **Mitigation**: Reduce likelihood or impact.
- **Avoidance**: Change plans to eliminate risk.
- **Transfer**: Shift risk to another party (insurance).
- **Acceptance**: Acknowledge risk without action.

Project Communication Management

- Communication Planning:
- **Stakeholder Needs**: Identify information needs, preferred methods.
- **Communication Matrix**: Map stakeholders to communication channels.
- Communication Execution:
- **Meetings**: Regular status updates, decision-making.
- **Reports**: Status reports, progress reports, issue logs.

Project Procurement Management

- Procurement Planning:

- **Procurement Management Plan**: Define how procurement will be managed.
- **Request for Proposal (RFP)**: Solicit detailed proposals from vendors.
- Procurement Execution:
- **Contract Management**: Monitor vendor performance, ensure compliance.
- **Payment Management**: Track invoices, payments, and deliverables.

Project Closure

- Administrative Closure:
- **Final Deliverables**: Ensure all deliverables are accepted.
- **Lessons Learned**: Document successes, failures, improvements.
- Contract Closure:
- **Vendor Finalization**: Close out contracts, settle payments.
- **Documentation**: Archive project documents, records.

Tools & Techniques

- Project Management Software:
- **MS Project**: Comprehensive tool for scheduling, resource management.
- **JIRA**: Agile project management, issue tracking.
- **Trello**: Visual task management, Kanban boards.
- Collaboration Tools:
- **Slack**: Team communication, integration with other tools.
- **Confluence**: Documentation, knowledge sharing.
- **Google Workspace**: Collaboration, document sharing.

Tips & Tricks

- Time Management:
- **Pomodoro Technique**: 25-minute focused work intervals.
- **Time Blocking**: Allocate specific time slots for tasks.
- Stakeholder Engagement:

- **Regular Updates**: Keep stakeholders informed, manage expectations.
- **Feedback Loops**: Actively seek and incorporate feedback.
- Risk Management:
- **Proactive Monitoring**: Regularly review and update risk register.
- **Contingency Planning**: Develop backup plans for high-impact risks.
- Quality Assurance:
- **Continuous Improvement**: Implement PDCA (Plan-Do-Check-Act) cycle.
- **Root Cause Analysis**: Identify and address underlying issues.

Examples

- Project Charter:
- **Project Name**: New Product Launch
- **Project Manager**: Jane Doe
- **Objectives**: Launch product within 6 months, achieve 10% market share.
- **Scope**: Design, develop, test, and market the product.
- Gantt Chart:
- **Task**: Market Research
- **Start Date**: Jan 1, 2023
- **End Date**: Jan 15, 2023
- **Dependencies**: None
- Risk Register:
- **Risk**: Supply Chain Disruption
- Impact: High
- **Probability**: Medium
- **Response**: Develop alternative suppliers.

Key Formulas

- Cost Variance (CV): EV - AC

- Schedule Variance (SV): EV PV
- Cost Performance Index (CPI): EV / AC
- Schedule Performance Index (SPI): EV / PV
- **Estimate at Completion (EAC)**: BAC / CPI (if current trend continues)

Conclusion

- Best Practices:
- **Document Everything**: Comprehensive documentation for transparency.
- **Regular Reviews**: Conduct periodic reviews to stay on track.
- **Flexibility**: Be prepared to adapt to changes and unforeseen challenges.
- Final Thoughts:
- **Continuous Learning**: Stay updated with industry trends and best practices.
- **Team Collaboration**: Foster a collaborative environment for successful project execution.

By Ahmed Baheeg Khorshid

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