

# Cheat Sheet for comprehensive Python

## Basic Syntax and Structure

### - Comments

- Single-line: ``# This is a comment``
- Multi-line: ``""" This is a multi-line comment """``

### - Variables and Data Types

- ``x = 10`` (integer)
- ``y = 3.14`` (float)
- ``name = "Alice"`` (string)
- ``is_valid = True`` (boolean)

### - Basic Operations

- Addition: ``x + y``
- Subtraction: ``x - y``
- Multiplication: ``x * y``
- Division: ``x / y``
- Floor Division: ``x // y``
- Modulus: ``x % y``

- Exponentiation: ``x ** y``

### - String Operations

- Concatenation: ``"Hello" + "World"``
- Repetition: ``"Hi" * 3``
- Slicing: ``name[0:3]``
- Length: ``len(name)``

## Control Flow

### - Conditional Statements

- ``if condition:``
- ``elif condition:``
- ``else:``

### - Loops

- ``for item in iterable:``
- ``while condition:``

## - Loop Control Statements

- ``break``: Exit the loop
- ``continue``: Skip the current iteration
- ``pass``: Do nothing (placeholder)

## Functions

### - Defining Functions

- ``def function_name(parameters):``
- ``return value``

### - Lambda Functions

- ``lambda arguments: expression``
- Example: ``add = lambda x, y: x + y``

### - Function Arguments

- Positional: ``def func(a, b):``
  - Keyword: ``func(a=1, b=2)``
  - Default: ``def func(a=1, b=2):``
- Variable-length: ``def func(*args, **kwargs):``

## Data Structures

### - Lists

- Creation: ``my_list = [1, 2, 3]``
- Access: ``my_list[0]``
- Append: ``my_list.append(4)``
- Extend: ``my_list.extend([5, 6])``
- Insert: ``my_list.insert(1, 1.5)``
- Remove: ``my_list.remove(2)``
- Pop: ``my_list.pop()```
- Sort: ``my_list.sort()```
- Reverse: ``my_list.reverse()```

### - Tuples

- Creation: ``my_tuple = (1, 2, 3)``
- Immutable: Cannot be changed after creation

### - Sets

- Creation: ``my_set = {1, 2, 3}``

- Add: ``my_set.add(4)``
- Remove: ``my_set.remove(2)``
- Union: ``set1 | set2``
- Intersection: ``set1 & set2``
- Difference: ``set1 - set2``

## - Dictionaries

- Creation: ``my_dict = {'key1': 'value1', 'key2': 'value2'}``
- Access: ``my_dict['key1']``
- Add/Update: ``my_dict['key3'] = 'value3'``
- Remove: ``del my_dict['key2']``
- Keys: ``my_dict.keys()``
- Values: ``my_dict.values()``
- Items: ``my_dict.items()``

## Modules and Packages

### - Importing Modules

- ``import module_name``
- ``from module_name import function_name``
- ``import module_name as alias``

### - Creating Modules

- Save functions in a ``.py`` file
- Import the file in another script

### - Standard Libraries

- ``math``: Mathematical functions
- ``os``: Operating system interfaces
- ``sys``: System-specific parameters and functions
- ``datetime``: Date and time manipulation
- ``random``: Generate random numbers

## File Handling

### - Opening Files

- ``file = open('filename.txt', 'r')``
- Modes: ``r`` (read), ``w`` (write), ``a`` (append), ``b`` (binary)

### - Reading Files

- ``content = file.read()``
- ``lines = file.readlines()``

## - Writing to Files

- `file.write('Hello, World!')`
- `file.writelines(['Line1\n', 'Line2\n'])`

## - Closing Files

- `file.close()`

## - Using `with` Statement

- `with open('filename.txt', 'r') as file:`
- Automatically closes the file

## Exception Handling

### - Try-Except Block

- `try:`
- `except ExceptionType as e:`
- `else:` (optional, runs if no exception)
- `finally:` (optional, always runs)

### - Raising Exceptions

- `raise ExceptionType("Error message")`

## Object-Oriented Programming (OOP)

### - Classes and Objects

- `class MyClass:`
- `def __init__(self, param):`
- `self.attribute = param`

### - Inheritance

- `class ChildClass(ParentClass):`

### - Encapsulation

- Public: `self.attribute`
- Protected: `self._attribute`
- Private: `self.__attribute`

### - Polymorphism

- Method overriding: `def method(self):`

## Advanced Features

### - List Comprehensions

- `[expression for item in iterable if condition]`
- Example: `squares = [x**2 for x in range(10)]`

### - Generators

- `def my_generator():`
- `yield value`
- Example: `gen = (x**2 for x in range(10))`

### - Decorators

- `@decorator_function`
- `def my_function():`

### - Context Managers

- `with context_expression as variable:`
- Example: `with open('file.txt') as f:`

## Useful Libraries and Tools

### - NumPy

- Numerical operations
- `import numpy as np`

### - Pandas

- Data manipulation and analysis
- `import pandas as pd`

### - Matplotlib

- Plotting and visualization
- `import matplotlib.pyplot as plt`

### - Requests

- HTTP requests
- `import requests`

### - Flask/Django

- Web development frameworks

- ``from flask import Flask``

### Debugging and Profiling

#### - **Print Debugging**

- ``print(variable)``

#### - **Using `pdb`**

- ``import pdb; pdb.set_trace()``

#### - **Profiling**

- ``import cProfile``
- ``cProfile.run('my_function()')``

### Tips and Tricks

#### - **Swapping Variables**

- ``a, b = b, a``

#### - **Unpacking**

- ``a, b, *rest = [1, 2, 3, 4]``

#### - **String Formatting**

- ``f"Hello, {name}"``
- ``"Hello, {}".format(name)``

#### - **Reading Input**

- ``input("Enter something: ")``

#### - **Checking Types**

- ``isinstance(variable, type)``

#### - **Documentation Strings**

- ``def func():``
- ``"""This is a docstring."""``

### Conclusion

This cheat sheet covers the essential aspects of Python, from basic syntax to advanced features and useful libraries. Use it as a quick reference to enhance your Python programming skills.

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